USC/SCAG Demographic Workshop - June 2016

Urban Revitalization and Gentrification panel
Jan Lin, Occidental College



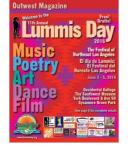
Northeast LA: Portlandia in the Southland "Green" and neo-bohemian gentrification













Outline

- Gentrification in comparative and historical context
- Ethnographic and demographic data
- Demand vs. Supply, Consumption vs. Productionside perspectives
- Stage model of gentrification
- New housing initiatives, displacement and neighborhood activism in Highland Park
- Ethnic-based revitalization/gentrification
- See KCET-Departures for my online work
- Book forthcoming with NYU Press.

Perspectives on gentrification

- Stage model originators. Dennis Gale, Phillip Clay. 1979.
 Original studies of Boston South End, Philadelphia Society Hill, S.F. Western Addition, Washington D.C. Capital Hill
- Supply/producer-side view. Neil Smith. 1979. "Toward a Theory of Gentrification A Back to City Movement by Capital, not People," Journal of the American Planning Association.
- Stage model revisited. Loretta Lees, et al, 2008. Gentrification—Park Slope, Brooklyn and Barnsbury, London, mutation of gentrification, super-gentrification (London, S.F.)
- **Neo-bohemia**. Richard Lloyd. 2010. *Neo-bohemia: Art and Commerce in the Postindustrial City*
- Slow growth movement. Mark Baldassare. 1986. Trouble in Paradise: The Suburban Transformation in America. Mike Davis. City of Quartz. Robert Fulton. The Reluctant Metropolis

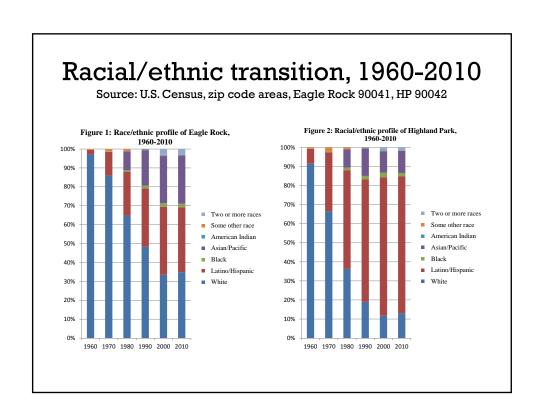
Historical Cycle of Neighborhood Transition in Northeast Los Angeles

- 1: Investment 1890s-1930s Initial development of the inner-ring streetcar suburbs of northeast LA including Garvanza, Highland Park and Eagle Rock
- 2: Disinvestment 1940s-1960s L.A. River channelization and postwar freeway construction spur movement of jobs and people to outer suburbs leading to residential decline and commercial disinvestment from northeast LA boulevards
- 3: Reinvestment revitalization stage-1970s-1990s White flight from the innercity with social unrest and infill of the housing stock by Latino/a and Asian immigrants. Pioneers and homesteaders spark reinvestment and neighborhood revitalization along with an efflorescence of the arts and neighborhood activism.
- 4: Reinvestment gentrification stage 2000s-2010s Revitalization stage pioneers are superseded by a broader flow of returning white middle-class residents and commercial entrepreneurs attracted by the improving investment environment. While reinvestment stalls during the Great Recession, gentrification accelerates during the 2010s with entrance of speculator- flippers, corporate developers and growing displacement of the earlier pioneers.

Revitalization stage: NELA art scene and slow growth activism

- 1970s Chicano/Latino arts collectives – Mechicano Art Center and Centro de Arte Publico
- 1989 Arroyo Arts Collective
- 1997 Eagle Rock Center for the Arts
- 1998 First Eagle Rock Music Festival
- 1999 Avenue 50 Studio
- 2006 First Lummis Day Festival in Highland Park

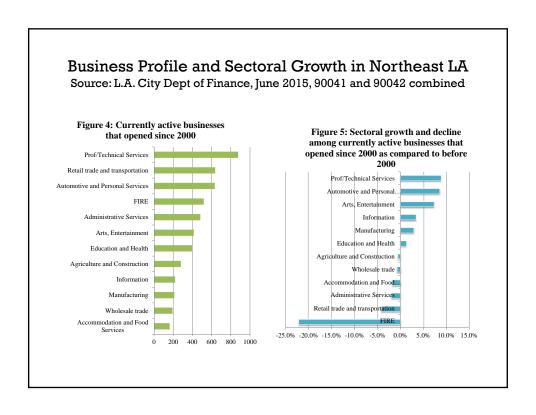
- 1987-1991 TERA protests of mini-malls, condos, mansions
- 1988-1994 Highland Park campaign for Historical Preservation Overlay Zone
- 1992 Colorado Boulevard Specific Plan passed
- 1995 McDonald's controversy
- 2000-2003 Walgreen's protests
- 2010-2013 Take Back the Boulevard campaign
- 2005-2015 Friends of the Southwest Museum Coalition

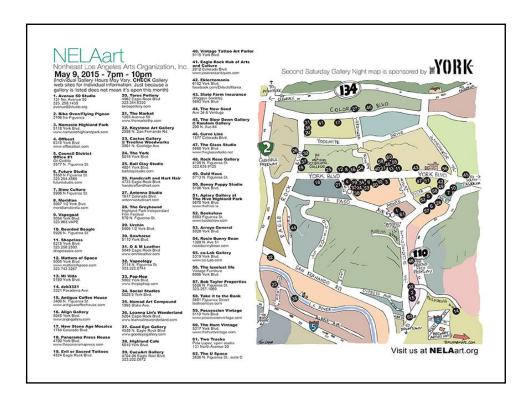


Household Structure, 2000-2010

Source: U.S. Census, zip code areas, 90042 and 90041

Column1	Column2	Column3	Column4	Column5	Column6	Column7	Column8	Column9	Column10
	Highland Pa	ırk				Eagle Rock			
Year	2000	2000	2010	2010		2000		2010	
	#	%	#	%		#	%	#	%
Households	19592		19892			9375		9513	
Family households	14104					6326			64.9
Married-couple family	9174	46.8%	8479	42.6%		4456	47.5%	4265	44.8
Single-parent family:	4930	25.2%	5203	26.2%		1870	19.9%	1911	20.1
Male householder, no wife	1444	7.4%	1646	8.3%		503	5.4%	538	5.79
Female householder, no husband	3486	17.8%	3557	17.9%		1367	14.6%	1373	14.49
Non-family households	5488	28.0%	6210	31.2%		3049	32.5%	3337	35.1
Householder living alone			4312	21.7%		1449	15.5%	2437	25.6
Householder not living alone			1898	9.5%		1600	17.1%	900	9.5
Unmarried-partners	1450	7.4%	1977	9.9%		575	6.1%	729	7.7
Same-sex partners	218	1.1%	328	1.6%		135	1.4%	158	1.7
Opposite-sex parters	1232	6.3%	1649	8.3%		440	4.7%	571	6.0
Households with Hispanic/Latino	11644	59.4%	11833	59.5%		3149	33.6%	3025	31.8
Average household size	3.3		3.11			2.8		2.71	
Occupied housing units			19892			9375		9513	
Owner-occupied housing	8505	43.4%	8941	45.0%		4769	50.9%	4812	50.6

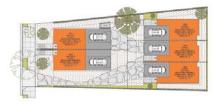




Modative – Ave 57 Art Walk Homes

L.A Small Lot Subdivision Ordinance









Highland Park Transit Village





- 80 units on 3 sites, 20 condos, 60 apartments market and affordable
- Friends of Highland Park lawsuit advised by Dean Walraff land-use attorney for full EIR - California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA)
- Transit Oriented Development and Small Lot Ordinance projects are elements in Mayor Garcetti's target to build 100,000 units of new housing 15,000 affordable by 2021

Displacement and "root shock"

- Traumatic stress reaction to loss of community's multi-family inter-generational social networks caused by urban renewal and displacement
- Mindy Fullilove, 2005. Root Shock: How Tearing Up City Neighborhoods Hurts America and What We Can Do About It. One World/Ballantine
- Strategic Alliance for a Just Economy (SAJE) study in 2015 cited root shock impacts of proposed \$775 million Reef development project in South LA

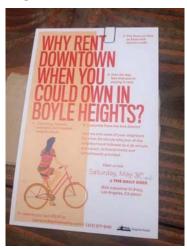
Northeast Los Angeles Alliance







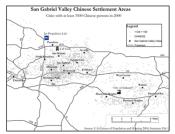
Ethnic-based gentrification or "gente-fication" in Boyle Heights







Chinese immigrant growth machine in the San Gabriel Valley and L.A. Live





- Hotels, condos and mixed-use projects
- EB5 investor visa program (\$500K \$1 million)
- EB5 regional centers throughout the SGV and California
- Downtown L.A. Live Marriott
- Greenland "Metropolis"
- Oceanwide
- Shenzhen Hazens LUXE hotel and adjoining hotel/mixed-use